

Yr 9 Holocaust Unit

SECTION A: KEY TERMS

Antisemitism	Hostility or prejudice against Jewish people.
Persecution	Hostility toward a group of people based on ethnicity, religion, sexual orientation, or political beliefs.
Discrimination	Ill-treatment of different people based on of ethnicity, religion, sexual orientation, or political beliefs.
Minority	an ethnic, religious or linguistic group that makes up less than half the population of a country.
Propaganda	Misleading or biased information used to promote a political cause of point of view.
Ghetto	A poor urban area occupied primarily by a minority group or groups.
Concentration Camp	A labour camp housing political prisoners or members of persecuted minorities.
Liberation	The action of setting someone free from imprisonment, slavery or oppression.

SECTION B: KEY FIGURES

Adolf Hitler	The Austrian-born leader of the Nazi Party and Germany from 1933. He established himself as 'Fuhrer' taking complete control of Germany. He was very vocal about a pure 'Aryan' German race and wanted the removal of those who did not fit with this.
Joseph Stalin	The Georgian-born revolutionary and Soviet political leader who led the Soviet Union from 1924 until his death in 1953. He led Russia during the reign of Hitler and Nazi Germany. He was also involved in the mass killing of people in his country.
Winston Churchill	Sir Winston Leonard Spencer Churchill was a British statesman, soldier, and writer who served as Prime Minister of the United Kingdom twice, from 1940 to 1945 during the Second World War, and again from 1951 to 1955.

SECTION C: TIMELINE

30 th January 1933	Hitler becomes Chancellor of Germany
September 1935	The Nuremberg Laws. This revokes Jewish citizenship in Germany
9 th November 1938	Kristallnacht. This was the attack on Jewish homes, shops and religious buildings.
1 st September 1939	Germany invades Poland – signifying the start of World War Two.
October 1940	The establishment of Jewish Ghettos across Europe.
May 1940	Concentration camps are established. Auschwitz-Birkenau is opened in Poland.
January 1942	The 'final solution'. Mass killing of Jewish individuals starts across concentration camps in Europe.
27 th January	Liberation of Auschwitz-Birkenau by Soviet forces. This date is